#### How to Read a Label for a Milk-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain milk as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the word "milk" on the product label.

#### Avoid foods that contain milk or any of these ingredients:

butter, butter fat, butter oil, butter lactulose

acid, butter ester(s) milk (in all forms, including condensed,
buttermilk derivative, dry, evaporated, goat's milk
casein and milk from other animals, low-fat,
casein hydrolysate malted, milkfat, nonfat, powder, protein,

caseinates (in all forms) skimmed, solids, whole) cheese milk protein hydrolysate

cottage cheese pudding cream Recaldent® curds rennet casein

custard sour cream, sour cream solids

diacetyl sour milk solids ghee tagatose

half-and-half whey (in all forms) lactalbumin, lactalbumin phosphate whey protein hydrolysate

lactoferrin yogurt

lactose

## Milk is sometimes found in the following:

artificial butter flavor luncheon meat, hot dogs, sausages

baked goods margarine caramel candies nisin

chocolate nondairy products

lactic acid starter culture and other nougat

bacterial cultures



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# How to Read a Label for a Soy-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain soy as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the word "soy" on the product label.

# Avoid foods that contain soy or any of these ingredients:

edamame soya

miso soybean (curd, granules)
natto soy protein (concentrate,
shoyu hydrolyzed, isolate)

soy (soy albumin, soy soy sauce cheese, soy fiber, soy tamari flour, soy grits, soy tempeh

ice cream, soy milk, textured vegetable protein

soy nuts, soy sprouts, (TVP) soy yogurt) tofu

# Soy is sometimes found in the following:

Asian cuisine vegetable gum vegetable broth vegetable starch

# Keep the following in mind:

- The FDA exempts highly refined soybean oil from being labeled as an allergen. Studies show most allergic individuals can safely eat soy oil that has been highly refined (not cold pressed, expeller pressed, or extruded soybean oil).
- Most individuals allergic to soy can safely eat soy legithin
- Follow your doctor's advice regarding these ingredients.

#### How to Read a Label for a Peanut-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain peanut as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the word "peanut" on the product label.

# Avoid foods that contain peanuts or any of these ingredients:

artificial nuts monkey nuts
beer nuts nut pieces
cold pressed, expeller pressed, or
extruded peanut oil peanut butter
goobers peanut flour

ground nuts peanut protein hydrolysate

mixed nuts

#### Peanut is sometimes found in the following:

African, Asian (especially Chinese, Indian, Indonesian, Thai, and Vietnamese), and Mexican dishes baked goods (e.g., pastries, cookies) mole sauce candy (including chocolate candy) chili

## Keep the following in mind:

- Mandelonas are peanuts soaked in almond flavoring.
- The FDA exempts highly refined peanut oil from being labeled as an allergen. Studies show that most allergic individuals can safely eat peanut oil that has been highly refined (not cold pressed, expeller pressed, or extruded peanut oil). Follow your doctor's advice.
- A study showed that unlike other legumes, there is a strong possibility of cross-reaction between peanuts and lupine.
- Arachis oil is peanut oil.
- Many experts advise patients allergic to peanuts to avoid tree nuts as well.
- Sunflower seeds are often produced on equipment shared with peanuts.

#### How to Read a Label for a Wheat-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain wheat as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the word "wheat" on the product label. The law defines any species in the genus Triticum as wheat.

#### Avoid foods that contain wheat or any of these ingredients:

bread crumbs hydrolyzed wheat protein

bulgur Kamut

cereal extract matzoh, matzoh meal (also spelled as

club wheat matzo, matzah, or matza)

couscous pasta cracker meal seitan semolina durum einkorn spelt emmer sprouted wheat

farina triticale

flour (all purpose, bread, cake, vital wheat gluten

wheat (bran, durum, germ, gluten, grass, durum, enriched, graham, high gluten, high protein, *malt, sprouts, starch)* 

instant, pastry, self-rising, soft wheat grass wheat, steel ground, stone whole wheat berries

ground, whole wheat)

#### Wheat is sometimes found in the following:

surimi soy sauce

starch (gelatinized starch, modified starch, modified food starch, vegetable starch)

## How to Read a Label for an Egg-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain egg as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the word "egg" on the product label.

## Avoid foods that contain eggs or any of these ingredients:

albumin (*also spelled* albumen) mayonnaise

egg (dried, powdered, solids, meringue (meringue powder)

white, yolk) ovalbumin ovovitellin eggnog globulin surimi

lysozyme

## Egg is sometimes found in the following:

baked goods marzipan egg substitutes marshmallows lecithin nougat macaroni pasta

## How to Read a Label for a Shellfish-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain a crustacean shellfish as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the specific crustacean shellfish on the product label.

#### Avoid foods that contain shellfish or any of these ingredients:

crab

crawfish (crayfish, ecrevisse)

lobster (langouste, langoustine, scampo, coral,

tomalley) prawn

shrimp (crevette)

Mollusks are not considered major allergens under food labeling laws and may not be fully disclosed on a product label.

#### Your doctor may advise you to avoid mollusks or these ingredients:

clams (cherrystone, littleneck, pismo, quahog)

cockle (periwinkle, sea urchin)

mussels octopus oysters

snails (escargot) squid (calamari)

## Shellfish are sometimes found in the following:

bouillabaisse cuttlefish ink fish stock

seafood flavoring (e.g., crab or clam extract) surimi

#### Keep the following in mind:

- Any food served in a seafood restaurant may contain shellfish protein due to cross-contact.
- For some individuals, a reaction may occur from inhaling cooking vapors or from handling fish or shellfish.

#### How to Read a Label for a Tree Nut-Free Diet

All FDA-regulated manufactured food products that contain a tree nut as an ingredient are required by U.S. law to list the specific tree nut on the product label.

# Avoid foods that contain nuts or any of these ingredients:

almonds Nangai nuts

artificial nuts natural nut extract (e.g., almond, walnut)

beechnut nut butters (e.g., cashew butter)

Brazil nuts nut meal

butternut nut paste (e.g., almond paste)

cashews nut pieces chestnuts nutmeat chinquapin pecans coconut pesto pili nut filberts/hazelnuts

gianduja (a chocolate-nut mixture) pine nuts (also referred to as Indian, pignoli, ginkgo nut pigñolia, pignon, piñon, and pinyon nuts)

hickory nuts pistachios

litchi/lichee/lychee nut praline macadamia nuts shea nut marzipan/almond paste walnuts

## Tree nuts are sometimes found in the following:

black walnut hull extract (flavoring)

natural nut extract

nut distillates/alcoholic extracts nut oils (e.g., walnut oil, almond oil) walnut hull extract (flavoring)

# Keep the following in mind:

- Mortadella may contain pistachios.
- There is no evidence that coconut oil and shea nut oil/butter are allergenic.
- Many experts advise patients allergic to tree nuts to avoid peanuts as well.
- Talk to your doctor if you find other nuts not listed here.